

### Features

- <20 ppm initial tolerance</li>
- <100 ppm stability over -40°C to +85°C</p>
- Small SMD package: 2.0 x 1.2 mm (2012)<sup>[1]</sup>
- SOT23-5 package option for industrial and automotive applications
- Ultra-low power: 1.0 µA typ
- Vdd supply range: 1.5V to 3.63V
- Wide operating temperature range options
- Internal filtering eliminates external Vdd bypass capacitors
- Pb-free, RoHS and REACH compliant

#### Note:

1. For the smallest 32 kHz XO in CSP (1.2mm<sup>2</sup>), consider the JYJE1532.

#### **Table 1. Electrical Characteristics**

### Applications

- Industrial timekeeping
- Industrial battery management
- Multi-drop 32 kHz clock distribution
- Bluetooth modules
- WiFi modules
- RTC Reference Clock

Table 1. Electrical Characteri	STICS					
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
				ency and	Stability	
Output Frequency	Fout		32.768 or 16.384		kHz	
			Fre	quency St	ability	
Initial Tolerance <sup>[2]</sup>	F_init			20	ppm	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, post reflow, Vdd: 1.5V – 3.63V.
	F_stab			75		T <sub>A</sub> = -10°C to +70°C, Vdd: 1.5V – 3.63V.
Frequency Stability Over Temperature <sup>[3]</sup>				100	ppm	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +85°C, Vdd: 1.5V – 3.63V.
				150	ppin	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+105^{\circ}C$ , $-55^{\circ}C$ to $+85C$ , Vdd: $1.8V - 3.63V$ .
25°C Aging		-1		1	ppm	1 <sup>st</sup> Year
		Supp	oly Voltage	and Curr	ent Cons	sumption
Operating Supply Voltage	Vdd	1.5		3.63	V	T <sub>A</sub> = over temperature
			1.0			T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, Vdd: 1.5V – 3.3V. No load
Operating Current	2ldd			1.3		$T_A = -10^{\circ}C$ to +70°C, Vdd max: 3.63V. No load
Operating Current	2100			1.4	μA	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C, Vdd max: 3.63V. No load
				2.80		T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to +105°C, Vdd max: 3.63V. No load
Power-Supply Ramp	t_Vdd Ramp			100	ms	Over temperature, 0 to 90% Vdd
	T_start		180	300		$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 50^{\circ}C$ , valid output
Start-up Time at Power-up				450		$-40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$ , valid output
				500 + 1 period	ms	$T_A = -55^{\circ}C$ and +105°C
			Operating	g Tempera	ature Ran	Ige
Commercial Temperature		-10		70		Temp code "C" in part number ordering
Industrial Temperature	]	-40		85		Temp code "I" in part number ordering
Extended Industrial Temperature	T_opn	-40		105	]	Temp code "E" in part number ordering.
Extended Cold Industrial Temperature	]	-55		85	°C	Temp Code "D" in part number ordering.
Automotive Temperature Range		-55		105		Contact JYJE for Availability
	LVCMOS (	Dutput, T <sub>4</sub>	A = Over Te	emperatur	e, typica	l values are at T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C
Output Rise/Fall Time	tr, tf		100	200	ns	10-90%, 15 pF load, Vdd = 1.5V to 3.63V
	u, u				115	10-90% (Vdd), 5 pF load, Vdd ≥ 1.62V
Output Clock Duty Cycle	DC	48		52	%	
Output Voltage High	VOH	90%			V	Vdd: 1.5V – 3.63V. I <sub>OH</sub> = -10 μA, 15 pF
Output Voltage Low	VOL			10%	V	Vdd: 1.5V – 3.63V. I <sub>OL</sub> = 10 $\mu$ A, 15 pF
Maximum Output Drive				50	pF	≥80% LVCMOS swing, $T_A$ = over temperature, Vdd = 1.5V to 3.3V
Period Jitter	T_jitt		35		ns <sub>RMS</sub>	Cycles = 10,000, TA = 25°C

#### Notes:

2. Measured peak-to-peak. Tested with Agilent 53132A frequency counter. Due to the low operating frequency, the gate time must be ≥100 ms to ensure an accurate frequency measurement.

3. Measured peak-to-peak. Inclusive of Initial Tolerance at 25°C, and variations over operating temperature, rated power supply voltage and load.



### Table 2. Pin Configuration

SMD Pin	SOT23-5 Pin	Symbol	I/O	Functionality	
1	2, 3	NC/GND	No Connect	Connect to GND or leave floating.	
2	1	GND	Power Supply Ground	Connect to ground. All GND pins must be connected to power supply ground.	
3	5	CLK Out	OUT Oscillator clock output. When interfacing to an MCU's XTAL input, the CLK Out is typically connect the receiving IC's X IN pin.		
4	4	Vdd	Power Supply	Connect to power supply 1.5V ≤ Vdd ≤ 3.63V. Under normal operating conditions, Vdd does not require external bypass/decoupling capacitor(s). Internal power supply filtering will reject more than ±150 mVg frequency components through 10 MHz.	

#### SOT23-5 (Top View)

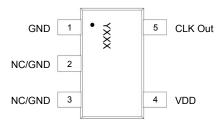
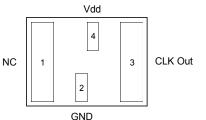


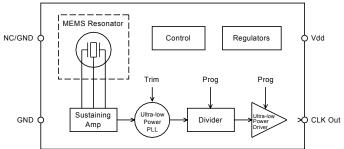
Figure 1. Pin Assignments

#### SMD Package (Top View)









#### Figure 3. JYJE1630 Block Diagram

#### Table 3. Absolute Maximum

Attempted operation outside the absolute maximum ratings cause permanent damage to the part. Actual performance of the IC is only guaranteed within the operational specifications, not at absolute maximum ratings.

Parameter	Test Condition	Value	Unit	
Continuous Power Supply Voltage Range (Vdd)		-0.5 to 3.63	V	
Short Duration Maximum Power Supply Voltage (Vdd)	≤30 minutes, over -40°C to +85°C	4.0	V	
Short Duration Maximum Operating Temperature Range	Vdd = 1.5V - 3.63V, ≤30 mins	125	°C	
Maximum Continuous Operating Life at Temperature Extreme (meeting datasheet limits)	$T_A = -55^{\circ}C$ , Continuous Vdd = 1.8V - 3.3V ±10%	8	Hours	
Human Body Model ESD Protection	JESD22-A114	3000	V	
Charge-Device Model (CDM) ESD Protection	JESD22-C101	750	V	
Machine Model (MM) ESD Protection	JESD22-A115	300	V	
Latch-up Tolerance	JESD78 Compliant			
Mechanical Shock Resistance	Mil 883, Method 2002	10,000	g	
Mechanical Vibration Resistance	Mil 883, Method 2007	70	g	
2012 SMD Junction Temperature		150	°C	
SOT23-5 Junction Temperature		150	°C	
Storage Temperature		-65°C 1	o 150°C	



## Description

The JYJE1630 is an ultra-small and ultra-low power 32.768 kHz oscillator optimized for battery-powered applications.

JYJE's MEMS oscillators consist of MEMS resonators and a programmable analog circuit. Our MEMS resonators are built with JYJE's unique MEMS First™ process. A kev manufacturing step is EpiSeal<sup>™</sup> during which the MEMS resonator is annealed with temperatures over 1000°C. EpiSeal creates an extremely strong, clean, vacuum chamber that encapsulates the MEMS resonator and ensures the best performance and reliability. During EpiSeal, a poly silicon cap is grown on top of the resonator cavity, which eliminates the need for additional cap wafers or other exotic packaging. As a result. JYJE's MEMS resonator die can be used like anv other semiconductor die. One unique result of JYJE's MEMS First and EpiSeal manufacturing processes is the capability to integrate JYJE's MEMS die with a SOC, ASIC, microprocessor or analog die within a package to eliminate external timing components and provide a highly integrated, smaller, cheaper solution to the customer.

### **Frequency Stability**

The JYJE1630 is factory calibrated (trimmed) to guarantee frequency stability to be less than 20 ppm at room temperature and very tight stability over temperature. Unlike quartz crystals that have a classic tuning fork parabola temperature curve with a 25°C turnover point, the JYJE1630 temperature coefficient is extremely flat across temperature.

When measuring the JYJE1630 output frequency with a frequency counter, it is important to make sure the counter's gate time is >100 ms. The slow frequency of a 32 kHz clock will give false readings with faster gate times.

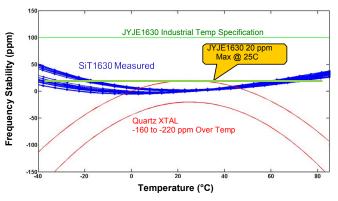


Figure 4. JYJE vs. Quartz

### **Power Supply Noise Immunity**

The JYJE1630 is an ultra-small 32 kHz oscillator. In addition to eliminating external output load capacitors common with standard XTALs, this device includes special power supply filtering and thus, eliminates the need for an external Vdd bypass-decoupling capacitor. This feature further simplifies the design and keeps the footprint as small as possible. Internal power supply filtering is designed to reject AC-noise greater than ±150 mVpp magnitude and beyond 10 MHz frequency component.

#### **Power-up**

The JYJE1630 starts-up to a valid output frequency within 300 ms (180 ms typ). To ensure the device starts-up within the specified limit, make sure the power-supply ramps-up in approximately 10 - 20 ms (to within 90% of Vdd).

# **Typical Operating Curves**

(T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, Vdd = 1.8V, unless otherwise stated)

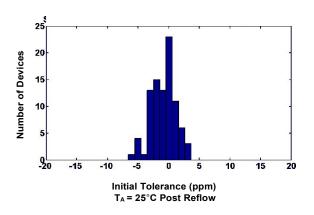


Figure 5. Initial Tolerance Histogram

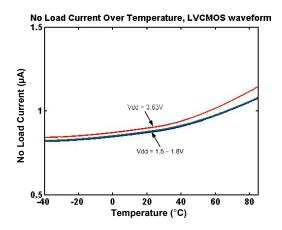


Figure 7. Supply Current Over Temperature (No Load)

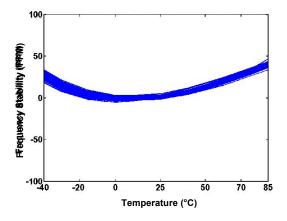


Figure 6. Frequency Stability Over Temperature

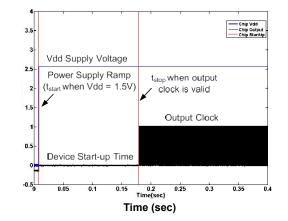


Figure 8. Start-up Time



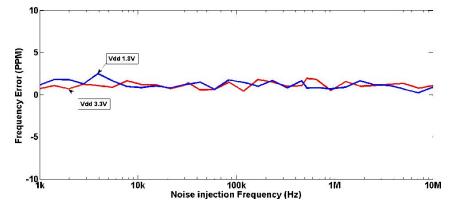


Figure 9. Power Supply Noise Rejection (±150mV Noise)

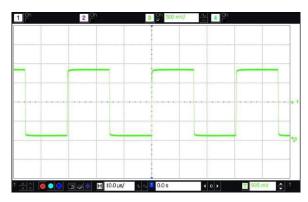
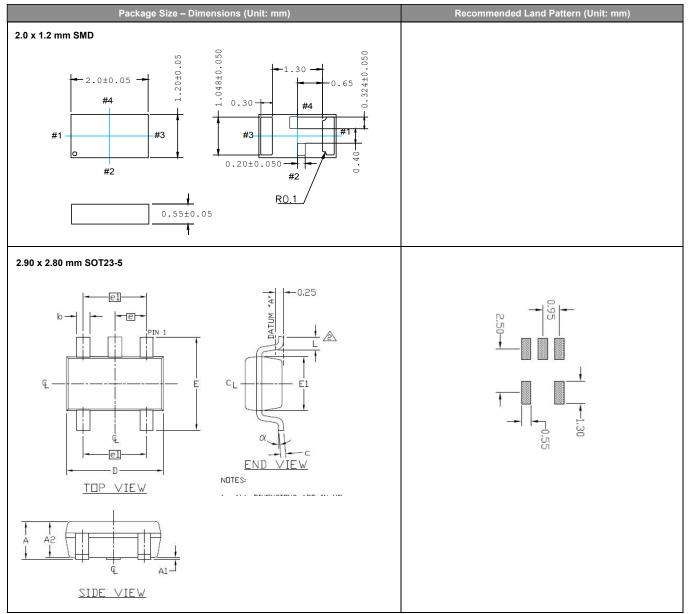


Figure 10. LVCMOS Output Waveform (Vswing = 1.8V, JYJE1630AI-H4-DCC-32.768)

## **Dimensions and Patterns**



### Table 4. SOT23-5 Dimension Table

Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.	
A	0.90	1.27	1.45	
A1	0.00	0.07	0.15	
A2	0.90	1.20	1.30	
b	0.30	0.35	0.50	
с	0.14	0.15	0.20	
D	2.75	2.90	3.05	
E	2.60	2.80	3.00	
E1	1.45	1.60	1.75	
L	0.30	0.38	0.55	
L1		0.25 REF		
е	0.95 BSC.			
e1	1.90 BSC.			
α	0°	-	8°	

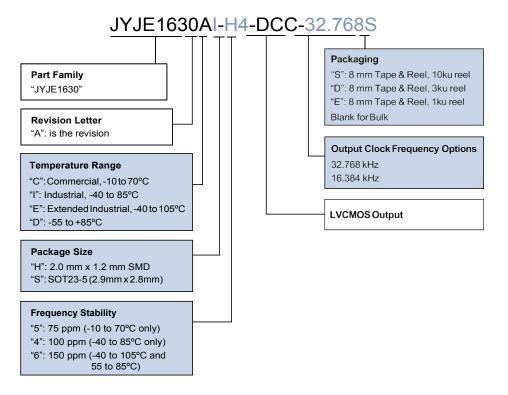


### **Manufacturing Guidelines**

- 1) No Ultrasonic Cleaning. Do not subject the JYJE1630 to an ultrasonic cleaning environment. Permanent damage or long term reliability issues to the MEMS structure may occur.
- 2) For Noisy, high EM environments, we recommend the following design guidelines:
  - Place oscillator as far away from EM noise sources as possible (e.g., high-voltage switching regulators, motor drive control).
  - Route noisy PCB traces, such as digital data lines or high di/dt power supply lines, away from the JYJE oscillator.
  - Add a low ESR/ESL, 0.1uF to 1.0uF ceramic capacitor (X7R) to help filter high frequency noise on the Vdd powersupply line. Place it as close to the JYJE oscillator Vdd pin as possible.
  - Place a solid GND plane underneath the JYJE oscillator to shield the oscillator from noisy traces on the other board layers.
- 3) For additional manufacturing guidelines and marking/tape-reel instructions, refer to JYJE Manufacturing Notes.

# **Ordering Information**

Part number characters in blue represent the customer specific options. The other characters in the part number are fixed.



## Table 5. Revision History

Version	Release Date	Change Summary
1.0	09/03/2014	Rev 0.85 Preliminary to Rev 1.0 Production Release
		Updated start-up time specification
		Deleted SOT23 package option
		Added typical operating plots
		Added maximum output drive specification
		Added Manufacturing Guidelines section
1.1	09/03/2014	Updated start-up time plot in Typical Operating Curves section
		Updated start-up time specification
1.2	11/10/2014	Added additional design-in/mfg guidelines
1.3	02/09/2018	Added SOT23-5 package option
		Improved max supply current for commercial and industrial temp ranges
		Improved max start-up time at 85°C
		Updated start-up time temperature range conditions
		Updated Ordering Information